to obligate the Federal share of funding for subgrants to the Grantee.

- (1) State administrative plan. (i) The State must develop an Administrative Plan (or have a current Administrative Plan on file with FEMA) that describes the procedures for the administration of the Fire Management Assistance Grant Program. The Plan will include, at a minimum, the items listed below:
- (A) The designation of the State agency or agencies which will have responsibility for program administration.
- (B) The identification of staffing functions for the Fire Management Assistance Program, the sources of staff to fill these functions, and the management and oversight responsibilities of each.
 - (C) The procedures for:
- (1) Notifying potential applicants of the availability of the program;
- (2) Assisting FEMA in determining applicant eligibility;
- (3) Submitting and reviewing subgrant applications;
 - (4) Processing payment for subgrants;
- (5) Submitting, reviewing, and accepting subgrant performance and financial reports;
- (6) Monitoring, close-out, and audit and reconciliation of subgrants:
- (7) Recovering funds for disallowed costs:
- (8) Processing appeal requests and requests for time extensions; and
- (9) Providing technical assistance to applicants and subgrant recipients, including briefings for potential applicants and materials on the application procedures, program eligibility guidance and program deadlines.
- (ii) The Grantee may request the Regional Administrator to provide technical assistance in the preparation of the State Administrative Plan.
- (2) Hazard Mitigation Plan. As a requirement of receiving funding under a fire management assistance grant, a State, or tribal organization, acting as Grantee, must:
- (i) Develop a Mitigation Plan in accordance with 44 CFR part 201 that addresses wildfire risks and mitigation measures; or
- (ii) Incorporate wildfire mitigation into the existing Mitigation Plan developed and approved under 44 CFR

part 201 that also addresses wildfire risk and contains a wildfire mitigation strategy and related mitigation initiatives.

[66 FR 57347, Nov. 14, 2001, as amended at 68 FR 61371, Oct. 28, 2003; 79 FR 63546, Oct. 24, 2014]

§ 204.52 Application and approval procedures for a subgrant under a fire management assistance grant.

- (a) Request for Fire Management Assistance. (1) State, local, and tribal governments interested in applying for fire management assistance subgrants must submit a Request for Fire Management Assistance subgrant to the Grantee in accordance with State procedures and within timelines set by the Grantee, but no longer than 30 days after the close of the incident period.
- (2) The Grantee will review and forward the Request to the Regional Administrator for final review and determination. The Grantee may also forward a recommendation for approval of the Request to the Regional Administrator when appropriate.
- (3) The Regional Administrator will approve or deny the request based on the eligibility requirements outlined in § 204.41.
- (4) The Regional Administrator will notify the Grantee of his/her determination; the Grantee will inform the applicant.
- (b) Preparing a Project Worksheet. (1) Once the Regional Administrator approves an applicant's Request for Fire Management Assistance, the Regional Administrator's staff may begin to work with the Grantee and local staff to prepare Project Worksheets.
- (2) The Regional Administrator may request the Principal Advisor to assist in the preparation of Project Worksheets.
- (3) The State will be the primary contact for transactions with and on behalf of the applicant.
- (c) Submitting a Project Worksheet. (1) Applicants should submit all Project Worksheets through the Grantee for approval and transmittal to the Regional Administrator as part of the State's application.
- (2) The Grantee will determine the deadline for an applicant to submit completed Project Worksheets, but the

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deadline must be no later than six months from close of the incident period.

- (3) At the request of the Grantee, the Regional Administrator may extend the time limitations in this section for up to 6 months when the Grantee justifies and makes a request in writing.
- (4) Project Worksheets will not be accepted after the deadline in paragraph (c)(2) of this section has expired, or, if applicable, after an extension specified by the Regional Administrator in paragraph (c)(3) of this section has expired.
- (5) \$1,000 Project Worksheet minimum. When the costs reported are less than \$1,000, that work is not eligible and FEMA will not approve that Project Worksheet. This minimum threshold does not apply to Project Worksheets submitted for the direct and indirect costs of administration of a fire grant, as defined in \$204.63.

[66 FR 57347, Nov. 14, 2001, as amended at 79 FR 63546, Oct. 24, 2014]

§ 204.53 Certifying costs and payments.

- (a) By submitting applicants' Project Worksheets to FEMA, the Grantee is certifying that all costs reported on applicant Project Worksheets were incurred for work that was performed in compliance with FEMA laws, regulations, policy and guidance applicable to the Fire Management Assistance Grant Program, as well as with the terms and conditions outlined for the administration of the grant in the FEMA-State Agreement for the Fire Management Assistance Grant Program.
- (b) Advancement/Reimbursement for State grant costs will be processed as follows:
- (1) Through the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services SMARTLINK system; and
- (2) In compliance with 2 CFR 200.305 and U.S. Treasury 31 CFR part 205, Cash Management Improvement Act.

[66 FR 57347, Nov. 14, 2001, as amended at 79 FR 63546, Oct. 24, 2014; 79 FR 76085, Dec. 19, 2014]

§ 204.54 Appeals.

An eligible applicant, subgrantee, or grantee may appeal any determination FEMA makes related to an application

for the provision of Federal assistance according to the procedures below.

- (a) Format and content. The applicant or subgrantee will make the appeal in writing through the grantee to the Regional Administrator. The grantee will review and evaluate all subgrantee appeals before submission to the Regional Administrator. The grantee may make grantee-related appeals to the Regional Administrator. The appeal will contain documented justification supporting the appellant's position, specifying the monetary figure in dispute and the provisions in Federal law, regulation, or policy with which the appellant believes the initial action was inconsistent.
- (b) Levels of appeal. (1) The Regional Administrator will consider first appeals for fire management assistance grant-related decisions under subparts A through E of this part.
- (2) The Assistant Administrator for the Disaster Assistance Directorate will consider appeals of the Regional Administrator's decision on any first appeal under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (c) *Time limits*. (1) Appellants must file appeals within 60 days after receipt of a notice of the action that is being appealed.
- (2) The grantee will review and forward appeals from an applicant or subgrantee, with a written recommendation, to the Regional Administrator within 60 days of receipt.
- (3) Within 90 days following receipt of an appeal, the Regional Administrator (for first appeals) or Assistant Administrator for the Disaster Assistance Directorate (for second appeals) will notify the grantee in writing of the disposition of the appeal or of the need for additional information. A request by the Regional Administrator or Assistant Administrator for the Disaster Assistance Directorate for additional information will include a date by which the information must be provided. Within 90 days following the receipt of the requested additional information or following expiration of the period for providing the information, the Regional Administrator or Assistant Administrator for the Disaster Assistance Directorate will notify the grantee in writing of the disposition of the appeal.